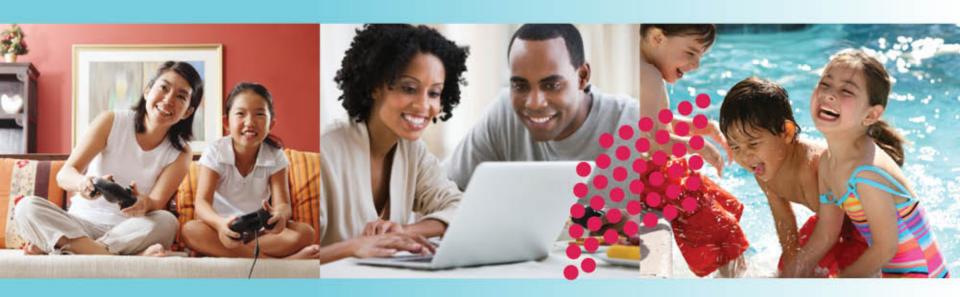
Residential Sector Business Plan for 2016 and Beyond Gap Analysis







Agenda



Objective:

To provide an overview of SDG&E residential sectors current status, identify market barriers, evaluate potentials, and gather feedback to incorporate in the 2016 Business Plan.

> **19%** are **Engaged Greens**

8 seconds

Average attention span of an adult

Moving towards an

Interactive

experience

Customer's Journey Current State

2016 and Beyond

Gap **Analysis** How we got here

Vision

Our Market What's special about it

> Barriers and solutions

SWOTT Strategic **Exploration**

SDG&E's Customer Journey



Engaging customers and building stronger relationships



Reactive

- Dedicated Hotlines for Specific Programs
- Collecting and Responding to Customer Feedback



Proactive

- Next Best Offer
- ► Personalized Video Bill
- "Energy Diet" Media Campaign



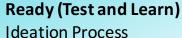
Interactive

- **▶** Energy Marketplace
- ► Energy Insights and Rewards
- ► Home Energy Assessments
- Social Media Campaigns
- ► Rate Analysis Tools
- Alerts and Notifications
- Community Partners
- ► Home Area Management Solutions

Roadmap to the Future



Today



Emerging Technologies



Aim (Minimize Confusion)

Program integration Single-point of entry

Tomorrow

Grow Trusted Energy Advisor Role (Personalization)

Targeted Marketing
Personalized Recommendations
Bundled offerings
Multiple forms of messaging for customers



Continue to be a Trendsetter

Ease and Simplicity of participation Marketplace Adoption of EV's Solar Initiative



Gap Analysis How we got here



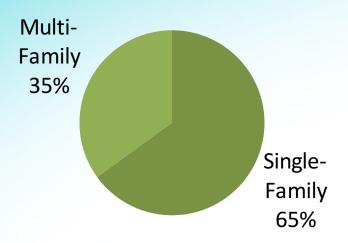


Residential Market Overview



- SDG&E serves ~1.3 million residential accounts and ~1.2 million customers
 - Split between 65% Single-Family (SF) and 35% Multi-Family (MF) segments.

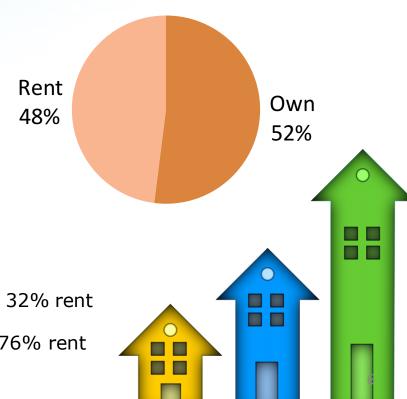
Breakdown of Residential Customers by Dwelling Type



Rent vs Own

- 68% of single-family own their home and 32% rent
- 24% of multi-family own their home and 76% rent

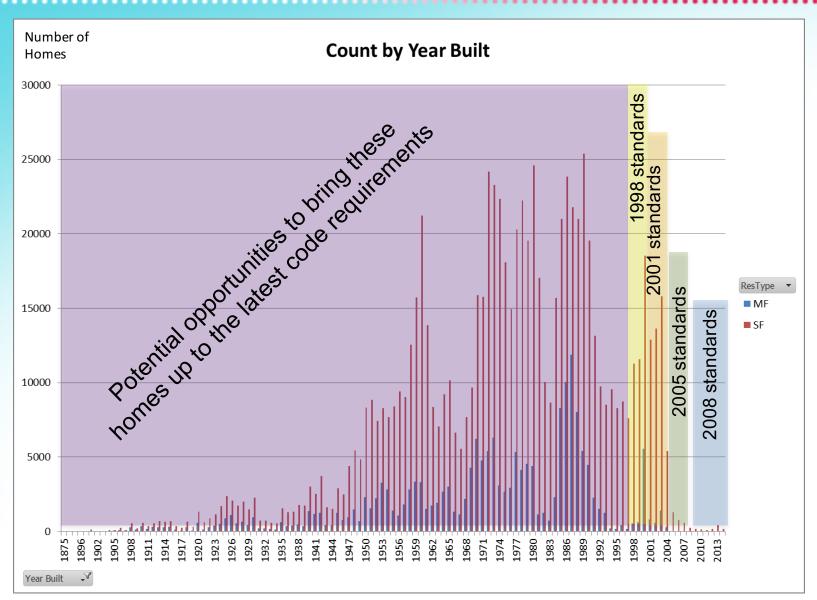
SDG&E Residential Customers Own vs Rent



Source: 2016 SDG&E data

Opportunities by Building Vintage





Residential Account Concentration



Climate Zone Analysis:

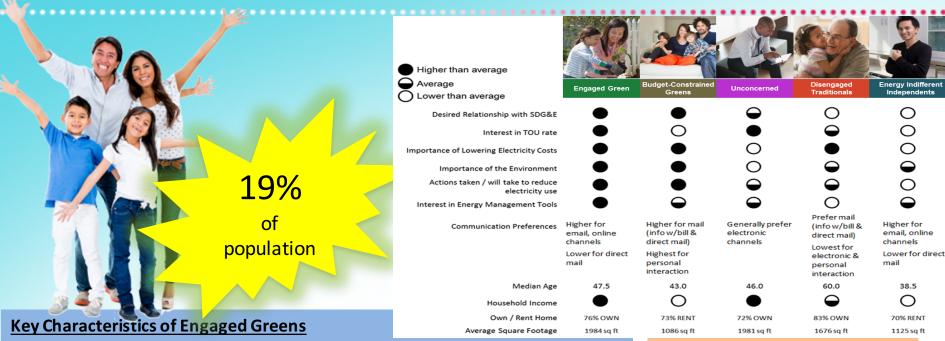
Counts	Residential Accounts	Zone 7	Zone 10	Zone 14
Number of Active Accounts	1,192,956	845,196	340,449	7,311
Number of Multi Family (# Accts)	419.00	317,274	101,323	497
Number of Multi Family (%)	35%	38%	30%	7%
Number of Single Family (# Accts)	77 _62	527,922	239,126	6,814
Number of Single Family (%)	65%	62%	70%	93%

Majority of our residential customers live in the coastal area



Meet the Zarates Family - Engaged Green





- Interested in engagement with SDG&E
- Higher than average interest in reducing energy use and costs
- Very concerned about the environment and climate change
- Higher than average interest in SDG&E EE programs and energy audits
- Among highest of interest levels for energy management tools
- Higher for email and online channels, lower for mail

3 Bedroom Home 1,691 SQFT | No pool



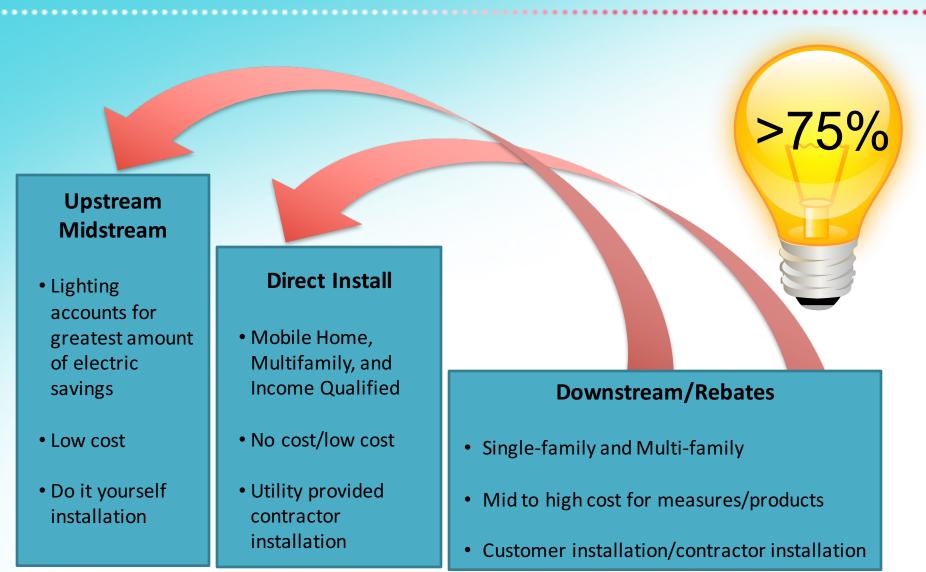
Mapping of Program Intervention & Customers



	Target Customers	Program Interventions
Residential New Construction	SF and MF Builders	 California Advanced Home Program (CAHP)
Residential Retrofit	Single-Family Homeowners Renters Property Owners & Managers	 EUC-Home Upgrade & EUC-Multi-Family Plug-load and Appliance Program (PLA) Home Energy Advisor Program (HEA) & Behavior Program Multi-family Energy Efficiency Program, Mobile Home Program

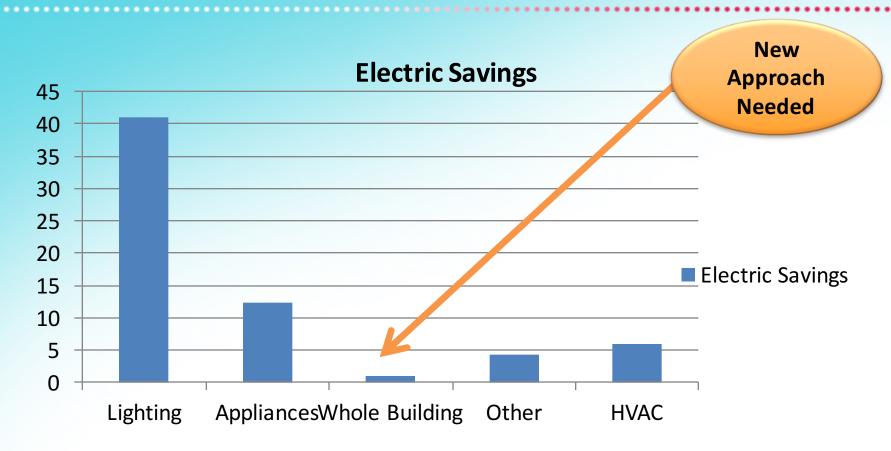
2013-2015 Savings by Program Delivery





2013-2015 Savings By End Use



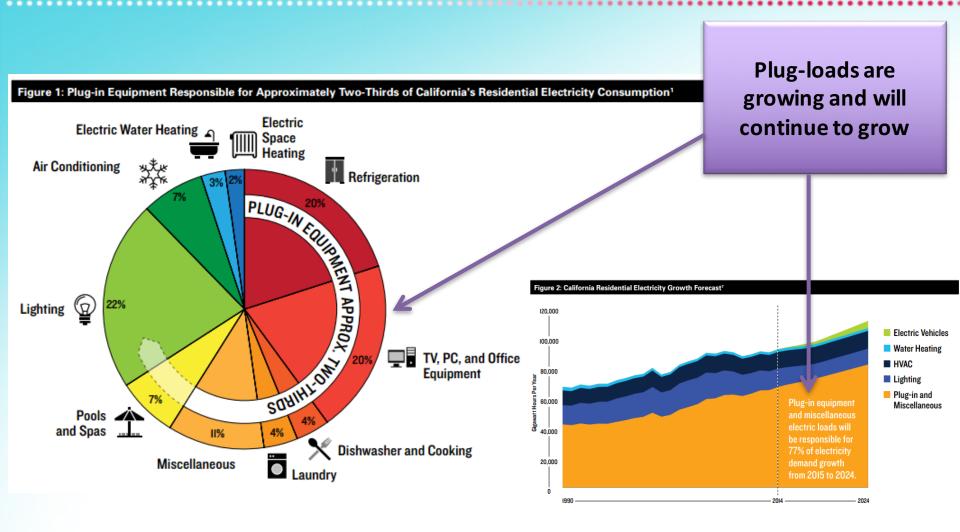


Spen	t to Date	GWh Actual	MW Actual	Therm Actual
\$56,	227,150	56	18	1,620
2012 2015	FFC+-+			12

Source: 2013-2015 EEStats data

CA Market By End Use





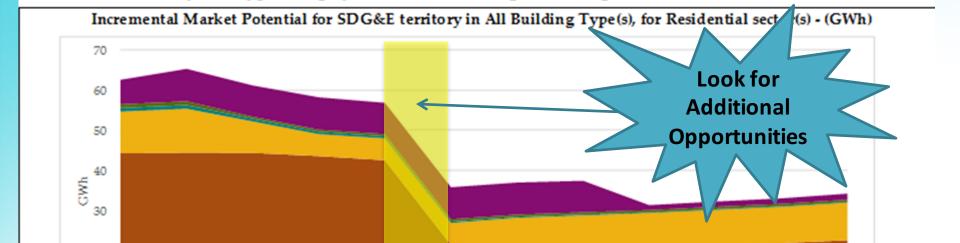
SDG&E Market Potential

Note: Graphs exclude behavior programs, impacts of financing, and IOU C&S advocacy programs.

■Lighting ■AppFlug

Data Visualization by Use-Type Category for IOU Rebate Program Savings





Ref: Potential: 2015, Energy Efficiency Potential and Goals Study for 2015 and Beyond. Prepared for CPUC by Navigant Consulting

■BldgEnv

Year

Bridging the

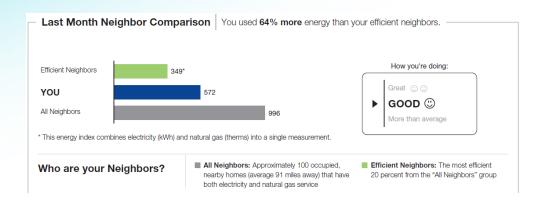
Gap

Interventions



Typically, downstream/midstream/upstream incentive interventions are most commonly used in many of the residential programs.





 There are a few behavior intervention strategies that are widely used and many that are underused by utilities, such as, framing, rewards, and energy pricing.

> Compare Pricing Plans See if you can save on a new Whenergy™ pricing plan.

Sector SWOT Analysis



	Strengths	Weaknesses
	SDG&E is a trusted energy advisor SDG&E offers a full portfolio of residential programs using different channels of delivery SDG&E understand the regulatory environment and context	 Standard programs are increasingly not cost effective and may be cumbersome for residential customers High customer cost/Low return on investment Multiple entry points to programs
	Opportunities	Threats
•	Create a single point of entry Provide a more seamless integration of programs Work more closely with other entities to collaborate and promote programs/input on program design Legislative imperative to reduce carbon New and evolving behavior and technologies offers new program design options Low prices for gas combined with acquisition	 Growth of plug-loads Regulations on measures/programs Limited number of cost effective measures Re-alignment between program design vs 2020 strategic plan goals Economic concerns combined with low prices for oil and gas
		16

Sector Trends (T)

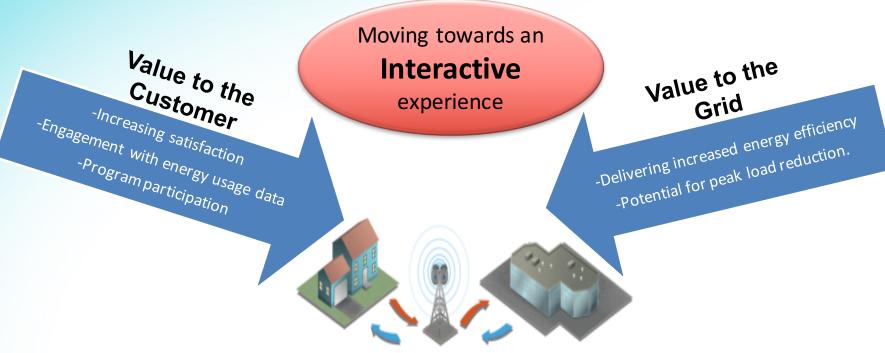


Implications Trends Ideas Increase Behavioral **Increase Energy** program participation Plug-loads are growing and innovative Usage technologies Single point of entry Confusion on multiple Low program and integration of participation programs and entries programs Impacts of Codes & Limited number of cost Explore other Standards to program cost effective measures and opportunities through diminishing returns ideation process effectiveness Low adoption of high High cost, low ROI Program re-design efficiency products Better segmentation to Increased diversity of Solar and EV growth leverage personalized customer base recommendations

Objective



- Continue to enable access to electricity consumption data by residential customers and their authorized third parties.
- Further empower residential customers to better manage their electricity use.
- Provide or support the use of third-party tools and software products that utilize the available data to deliver added value to the residential customer.



Summary and Conclusion



- There are clear gaps between 2020 strategic plan goals vs program progress
- SDG&E is making progress--the Residential Sector offers and promotes both **specific** and **comprehensive energy solutions** for residential customers.
 - By encouraging adoption of economically viable energy efficiency technologies, practices, and services, the sector has employed strategies and tactics to overcome market barriers while delivering services that support the CPUC's Long Term Energy Efficiency Strategic Plan.
- The ultimate focus of the Residential Sector is to:
 - Facilitate, sustain, and transform the long-term delivery and adoption of energy-efficient products and services for single and multi-family dwellings;
 - Cultivate, promote and sustain lasting energy-efficient behaviors by residential customers through a collaborative statewide education and outreach mechanism; and
 - Meet customers' energy efficiency adoption preferences through a range of offerings including single-measure incentives and more comprehensive approaches.

Customer Driven

SDG&E's Customer Journey



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Q & A

Long Term Strategic Plan Status Updates



Goal 1: New construction will reach "zero net energy" (ZNE) performance (including clean, onsite distributed generation) for all new single and multi-family homes by 2020.

Expected Results: By 2020, all new homes are ZNE.

	Strategies Overview	Status Updates
•	Drive continual advances in technologies in the building envelope.	All projects that participated in CAHP meet a minimum threshold of 36% better than 2005 code (15% better than 2008 code). This is based off of CEC Impact Study. Continual advancements in building envelope has been a priority of the building code advocacy team leading towards high performing walls and attics being included in the 2016 update.
•	Increase Title 24 building standards and Title 20 appliance standards.	On track. The building and appliance code advocacy programs have supported and will continue to support cost effective code enhancements to support ZNE targets and plugload reduction.
•	Coordinate and Support "Reach" Building Standards.	SDG&E continues to support "Reach" building standards through financial and technical assistance. However, compliance with the 2013 code update has limited resources available to pursue "Reach" codes.
•	Develop innovative financing programs for the construction of energy efficient homes.	Financing programs are not currently being implemented. The new Residential Energy Efficiency Loan Assistance Program is scheduled to launch in Q2 2016 and is limited to home improvements/retrofits.

Long Term Strategic Plan Status Updates



Goal 2: Home buyers, owners and renovators will implement a whole house approach to energy consumption that will guide their purchase and use of existing and new homes, home equipment

Expected Result: Energy consumption in existing homes will be reduced through universal demand for highly efficient homes and products.

Strategies Overview	Status Updates
Deploy full-scale whole house programs.	Currently implementing whole house program (Whole Home Program).
 Promote effective decision making to create widespread demand for energy efficiency measures 	Customers have access to their AMI data to better manage their energy usage and receive personalized recommendations (Through HEA and Behavior programs). SDG&E offers multiple classes and series for whole building performance.
 Manage research into new/advanced cost- effective innovations to reduce energy use in existing homes 	Customer analytics continues to conduct research to inform decisions on programs. This is an ongoing effort. The emerging technologies program is an ongoing effort to identify, evaluate, and transfer new energy efficient technologies for programs (examples include residential disaggregation, HAN, HVAC, Tier 2 APS, etc.)
Develop financial programs such as on-bill financing to encourage demand	A new statewide off-bill financing offering for single-family customers called Residential Energy Efficiency Loan Assistance Program is expected to launch in Q2 2016 and run in a pilot phase for two years.
 Increase Title 24 compliance through specific measures 	The compliance improvement sub-program has developed several tools and trainings to assist and promote title 24 compliance on both whole house and measure specific approaches.

Long Term Strategic Plan Status Updates



Goal 3: Plug loads will be managed by developing consumer electronics and appliances that use less energy and provide tools to enable customers to understand and manage their energy demand.

Expected Result: Plug loads will grow at a slower rate and then decline through technological innovation spurred by market transformation and customer demand for energy efficient products.

Strategies Overview	Status Updates
Drive continual advances in residential energy usage, including plug loads, home energy management systems, and appliances	Emerging Technologies is studying home energy management including smart home and plug load management technologies for potential future program implementation. Driving advances is then done through PLA program, IHD, Smart Thermostat, and through title 20 and federal appliance advocacy.
• In coordination with Strategy 2-2 above, develop public awareness of and demand for highly efficient products	Customer analytics continues to conduct research to inform decisions on programs. This is an ongoing effort. Marketplace has also launched which provides customers an avenue to compare high efficient products and then purchase them directly through the site.
Create demand for such products through market transformation activities	Through the PLA program, rebates are being packaged towards higher-end products.
 Continuously strengthen standards, including the expansion of both Title 24 and 20 to codify advances in plug load management homes. 	The codes and standards program has continuously supported code advancement towards plug-load management.